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12	·	
13	3	TES DISTRICT COURT
14	•	STRICT OF CALIFORNIA
15	OAKI	AND DIVISION
16	INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation,	CASE NO. C01-1640 SBA
17	Plaintiff,	MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED ANSWER
18	v.	AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED
19	MICROSOFT CORPORATION, a Washington corporation,	COMPLAINT
20	Defendant.	
21	MICROSOFT CORPORATION, a	·
22	Washington corporation,	
23	Counterclaimant, v.	
24	INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation,	
25	Counter Claim-Defendant.	·
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MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

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Defendant Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") answers the Third Amended Complaint of InterTrust Technologies Corporation ("InterTrust") as follows:

- 1. Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a cause of action under the patent laws of the United States, 35 United States Code, §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 1 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 2. Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a cause of action over which this Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 3. Microsoft admits, for purposes of this action only, that venue is proper in this judicial district. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 3 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 4. On information and belief, Microsoft admits the allegations of paragraph 4 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 5. Microsoft admits the allegations of paragraph 5 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 6. Microsoft admits, for purposes of this action only, that it transacts business in this judicial district. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 6 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 7. Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 6,185,683 B1 ("the '683 Patent") states that it was issued February 6, 2001, is entitled "Trusted and secure techniques, systems and methods for item delivery and execution," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '683 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft further denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 7 of the Third Amended Complaint.

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AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

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1	infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft			
2	denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 22 of the Third Amended Complaint.			
3	23.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 23 of the Third		
4	Amended Complaint.			
5	24.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 24 of the Third		
6	Amended Complaint.			
7	25.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 25 of the Third		
8	Amended Complaint.			
9	26.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 26 of the Third		
10	Amended Complaint.			
11	27.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 27 of the Third		
12	Amended Complaint.			
13	28.	Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 9 of the		
14	Third Amended Com	plaint, as if fully restated herein.		
15	29.	Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a		
16	cause of action under	35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now		
17	infringes the patents a	sserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft		
18	denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 29 of the Third Amended Complaint.			
19	30.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 30 of the Third		
20	Amended Complaint.			
21	31.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 31 of the Third		
22	Amended Complaint.			
23	32.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 32 of the Third		
24	Amended Complaint.			
25	33.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 33 of the Third		
26	Amended Complaint.			
27	34.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 34 of the Third		
28	Amended Complaint. DOCSSV1:166213.1	MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED		

1	35.	Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 10 of
2	the Third Amended C	omplaint, as if fully restated herein.
3	36.	Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a
4	cause of action under	35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now
5	infringes the patents a	sserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft
6	denies any and all ren	naining allegations of paragraph 36 of the Third Amended Complaint.
7	37.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 37 of the Third
8	Amended Complaint.	
9	38.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 38 of the Third
10	Amended Complaint.	
11	39.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 39 of the Third
12	Amended Complaint.	
13	40.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 40 of the Third
14	Amended Complaint.	
15	41.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 41 of the Third
16	Amended Complaint.	
17	42.	Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 11 of
18	the Third Amended C	omplaint, as if fully restated herein.
19	43.	Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a
20	1	35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now
21	infringes the patents a	sserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft
22	denies any and all ren	naining allegations of paragraph 43 of the Third Amended Complaint.
23	44.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 44 of the Third
24	Amended Complaint.	
25	45.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 45 of the Third
26	Amended Complaint.	
27	46.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 46 of the Third
28	Amended Complaint.	
ORRICK HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP SILICON VALLEY	DOCSSV1:166213.1	MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

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	47.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 47 of the Third
Amended Com	plaint.	

- Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 48 of the Third 48. Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 12 of 49. the Third Amended Complaint, as if fully restated herein.
- Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a 50. cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 50 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 51 of the Third 51. Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 52 of the Third 52. Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 53 of the Third 53. Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 54 of the Third 54. Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 55 of the Third 55. Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 13 of 56. the Third Amended Complaint, as if fully restated herein.
- Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a 57. cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 57 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 58 of the Third 58. Amended Complaint.

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1	59. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 59 of the Third		
2	Amended Complaint.		
3	60. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 60 of the Third		
4	Amended Complaint.		
5	61. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 61 of the Third		
6	Amended Complaint.		
7	62. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 62 of the Third		
8	Amended Complaint.		
9	AFFIRMATIVE AND OTHER DEFENSES		
10	Further answering the Third Amended Complaint, Microsoft asserts the following		
11	defenses. Microsoft reserves the right to amend its answer with additional defenses as further		
12	information is obtained.		
13	First Defense: Noninfringement of the Asserted Patents		
14	63. Microsoft has not infringed, contributed to the infringement of, or induced		
15	the infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,185,683 B1 ("the '683 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,253,193		
16	B1 ("the '193 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,940,504 ("the '504 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,920,861		
17	("the '861 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,892,900 ("the '900 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,982,891		
18	("the '891 Patent"), or U.S. Patent No. 5,917,912 ("the '912 Patent"), and is not liable for		
19	infringement thereof.		
20	64. Any and all Microsoft products or methods that are accused of		
21	infringement have substantial uses that do not infringe and therefore cannot induce or contribute		
22	to the infringement of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900		
23	Patent, the '891 Patent, or the '912 Patent.		
24	Second Defense: Invalidity of the Asserted Patents		
25	65. On information and belief, the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent		
26	the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and the '912 Patent are invalid for failing to		
27	comply with the provisions of the Patent Laws, Title 35 U.S.C., including without limitation one		
28	or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112. DOCSSV1:166213.1 Microsoft Corporation's "Corrected" Amended		

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MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

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Third Defense: Unavailability of Relief

66. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c) and is not entitled to any alleged damages prior to providing any actual notice to Microsoft of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, or the '912 Patent.

Fourth Defense: Unavailability of Relief

67. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 284 for enhanced damages and is not entitled to any damages prior to providing any actual notice to Microsoft of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent and any alleged infringement thereof.

Fifth Defense: Unavailability of Relief

68. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 287, and has otherwise failed to show that it is entitled to any damages.

Sixth Defense: Prosecution History Estoppel

69. Plaintiff's alleged causes of action for patent infringement are barred under the doctrine of prosecution history estoppel, and Plaintiff is estopped from claiming that the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent covers or includes any accused Microsoft product or method.

Seventh Defense: Dedication to the Public

70. Plaintiff has dedicated to the public all methods, apparatus, and products disclosed in the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent, but not literally claimed therein, and is estopped from claiming infringement by any such public domain methods, apparatus, and products.

Eighth Defense: Use/Manufacture By/For United States Government

71. To the extent that any accused product has been used or manufactured by or for the United States, Plaintiff's claims and demands for relief are barred by 28 U.S.C. § 1498.

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MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED

ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD

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AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

1	Ninth Defense: License			
2	72. To the extent that any of Plaintiff's allegations of infringement are			
3	premised on the alleged use, sale, offer for sale, license or offer of license of products that were			
4	manufactured by or for a licensee of InterTrust and/or provided by or to Microsoft by or to a			
5	licensee of InterTrust, such allegations are barred pursuant to license.			
6	Tenth Defense: Acquiescence			
7	73. Plaintiff has acquiesced in at least a substantial part of the Microsoft			
8	conduct alleged to infringe.			
9	Eleventh Defense: Laches			
10	74. Plaintiff's claims for relief are barred, in whole or in part, by the equitable			
11	doctrine of laches.			
12	Twelfth Defense: Inequitable Conduct			
13	75. The '861 Patent claims are unenforceable due to inequitable conduct,			
14	including those acts and failures to act set forth in Microsoft's Counterclaim for Declaratory			
15	Judgment of Unenforceability of the '861 Patent, set forth below.			
16	Thirteenth Defense: Inequitable Conduct			
17	76. The '900 Patent claims are unenforceable due to inequitable conduct,			
18	including those acts and failures to act set forth in Microsoft's Counterclaim for Declaratory			
19	Judgment of Unenforceability of the '900 Patent, set forth below.			
20	Fourteenth Defense: Unenforceability			
21	77. The claims of the '891 Patent, the '912 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '683			
22	Patent, the '193 Patent and the '900 Patent are unenforceable due to unclean hands, inequitable			
23	conduct and misuse and illegal extension of the patent right, including those acts and failures to			

act set forth in Count XI of Microsoft's Counterclaims, set forth below.

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MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED
ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD
AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE No. C 01-1640 SBA

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COUNTERCLAIMS

COUNT I - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NONINFRINGEMENT

- 1. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35
 U.S.C. §§ 1, et seq. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this counterclaim under 28
 U.S.C. §§ 1338, 2201, and 2202.
- 2. Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") is a Washington corporation with its principal place of business in Redmond, Washington.
- 3. On information and belief, Plaintiff/Counterclaim Defendant InterTrust Technologies Corporation ("InterTrust") is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Santa Clara, California.
- 4. InterTrust purports to be the owner of U.S. Patent Nos. 6,185,683 B1 ("the '683 Patent"), 6,253,193 B1 ("the '193 Patent"), 5,940,504 ("the '504 Patent"), 5,920,861 ("the '861 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,892,900 ("the '900 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,982,891 ("the '891 Patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 5,917,912 ("the '912 Patent").
- 5. InterTrust alleges that Microsoft has infringed the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and the '912 Patent.
- 6. No Microsoft product has infringed, either directly or indirectly, any claim of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, or the '912 Patent, and Microsoft is not liable for infringement thereof.
- 7. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to the infringement or noninfringement of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent.

COUNT II - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '683 PATENT

8. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if fully restated herein.

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1	9. The '683 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply			
2	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.			
3	10. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,			
4	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to			
5	whether the claims of the '683 Patent are valid or invalid.			
6	COUNT III - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '193 PATENT			
8	11. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if			
9	fully restated herein.			
10	12. The '193 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply			
11	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.			
12	13. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,			
13	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to			
14	whether the claims of the '193 Patent are valid or invalid.			
15 16	COUNT IV - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '504 PATENT			
17	14. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if			
18	fully restated herein.			
19	15. The '504 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply			
20	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.			
21	16. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,			
22	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to			
23	whether the claims of the '504 Patent are valid or invalid.			
24 25	COUNT V - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '861 PATENT			
26	17. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if			
27	fully restated herein.			

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MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

	1	18. The '861 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply				
	2	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.				
	3	19. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,				
	4	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to				
	5	whether the claims of the '861 Patent are valid or invalid.				
	6	COUNT VI - DECLARATORY				
	7	JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '900 PATENT				
	8	20. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if				
	9	fully restated herein.				
:	10	21. The '900 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply				
	11	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, and 112.				
:	12	22. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,				
	13	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to				
	14	whether the claims of the '900 Patent are valid or invalid.				
	15	COUNT VII - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '891 PATENT				
	16	JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '891 PATENT				
	17	23. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if				
:	18	fully restated herein.				
	19	24. The '891 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply				
2	20	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, and 112.				
	21	25. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,				
exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect						
2	23	whether the claims of the '891 Patent are valid or invalid.				
2	24	COUNT VIII - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '912 PATENT				
2	25	26. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if				
2	26 fully restated herein.					
2	27	27. The '912 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply				
	28	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, and 112.				
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28. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to whether the claims of the '912 Patent are valid or invalid.

COUNT IX - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF UNENFORCEABILITY OF THE '861 PATENT

- 29. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if fully restated herein.
- 30. Claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), and claims 1-101 of the '861 Patent, were not and are not entitled to the benefit of any application filing date prior to February 25, 1997, under 35 U.S.C. § 120 or otherwise.
- 31. "Exhibit A" refers to the document attached as Exhibit A to Microsoft's counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint (namely, a reprint of an article entitled "DigiBox: A Self-Protecting Container for Information Commerce").
- 32. On information and belief, the content of pages 2-14 of Exhibit A was presented at a public conference in the United States in July 1995.
- 33. "Exhibit B" refers to the document attached as Exhibit B to Microsoft's counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint (namely, a copy of a page from an International Application published under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT), bearing International Publication Number WO 96/27155).
- 34. On information and belief, International Application WO 96/27155 has, at all times since its filing date, been owned and controlled by InterTrust or its predecessors in interest.
- International Application WO 96/27155 (hereafter "the WO 96/27155
 (PCT) publication") was published on September 6, 1996.
- 36. United States Patent No. 5,910,987 ("the '987 Patent") issued on June 8, 1999, from a continuation of an application filed on February 13, 1995.
- 37. The Sibert article is prior art to claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).

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1	38. The Sibert article is prior art to claims 1-101 of the '861 Patent under 35
2	U.S.C. § 102(b).
3	39. The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication is prior art to claims 1-129 of the
4	'861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
5	40. The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication is prior art to claims 1-101 of the
6	'861 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a).
7	41. The '987 Patent is prior art to claims 29-129 of the '861 Patent application
8	(SN 08/805,804).
9	42. The '987 Patent is prior art to claims 1-101 of the '861 Patent, under 35
10	U.S.C. § 102(e).
11	43. The Sibert article was material to the patentability of claim 1 of the '861
12	Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
13	44. The Sibert article was material to the patentability of claims 2-129 of the
14	'861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
15	45. The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication was material to the patentability of
16	claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
17	46. The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication was material to the patentability of
18	claims 2-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
19	47. The '987 Patent was material to the patentability of claims 29-129 of the
20	'861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
21	48. One or more of the '861 Patent applicants knew, while the '861 Patent
22	application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, of the July 1995 publication of the Sibert article.
23	49. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants knew
24	while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, of the September 1996
25	publication of the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication.
26	50. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants knew
27	while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, of the June 8, 1999 issuance of
28	the '987 Patent. DOCSSV1:166213.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED

- On information and belief, one or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or 51. assisted in prosecuting the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) knew, while that application was pending, of the July 1995 publication of the Sibert article.
- One or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or assisted in prosecuting the 52. '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) knew, while that application was pending, of the September 1996 publication of the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication.
- One or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or assisted in prosecuting the 53. '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) knew, while that application was pending, of the June 8, 1999 issuance of the '987 Patent.
- The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite the Sibert article to the 54. Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite the WO 96/27155 (PCT) 55. publication to the Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite the '987 Patent to the Patent 56. Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior 57. art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) any reference having the same or substantially the same disclosure as the Sibert article.
- The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior 58. art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) any reference having the same or substantially the same disclosure as the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication.
- The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior 59. art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) any reference having the same or substantially the same disclosure as the '987 Patent.
- The Sibert article is not merely cumulative over any reference cited as prior 60. art during the prosecution of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).

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	61.	The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication is not merely cumulative over any
reference cite	d as prio	or art during the prosecution of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804)

- 62. The '987 Patent is not merely cumulative over any reference cited as prior art during the prosecution of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 63. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the Sibert article disclosed an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 64. InterTrust contends that none of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the Sibert article discloses an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 65. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication disclosed an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 66. InterTrust contends that none of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication discloses an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 67. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that the Sibert article was material to the patentability of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.
- 68. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication was material to the patentability of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.

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	69.	On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants
believed, v	while the '	861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that the '987 Patent
was mater	ial to the p	atentability of claims 29-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804)
but, with d	leceptive i	ntent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.

- The '861 Patent is unenforceable due to the inequitable conduct of the '861 70. Patent applicants and/or agents before the Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the 861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, 71. exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to whether the claims of the '861 Patent are enforceable.

COUNT X - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF UNENFORCEABILITY OF THE '900 PATENT

- 72. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if fully restated herein.
- The application and issued claims of the '900 Patent were not and are not 73. entitled to the benefit of any application filing date prior to August 30, 1996, under 35 U.S.C. § 120 or otherwise.
- Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 31-32 of its Counterclaims, as if 74. fully restated herein.
- The Sibert article is prior art to the application and issued claims of the 75. '900 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b).
- The Sibert article was material to the patentability of application and issued 76. claims of the '900 Patent, including, for example, issued claims 86 and 182.
- One or more of the '900 Patent applicants knew of the July 1995 *77*. publication of the Sibert article while the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) was pending.
- 78. On information and belief, one or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or assisted in the prosecution of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) knew of the July 1995 publication of the Sibert article while the '900 Patent application was pending.

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- 79. The applicants for the '900 Patent did not cite the Sibert article to the Patent Office as prior art to any claims of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
- 80. The applicants for the '900 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior art to any claims of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) any reference having the same or substantially the same disclosure as the Sibert article.
- 81. The Sibert article is not merely cumulative over any reference cited as prior art during the prosecution of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
- 82. On information and belief, one or more of the '900 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206), that the Sibert article disclosed an embodiment of claim 1 of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
- 83. On information and belief, one or more of the '900 Patent applicants believed, while the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) was pending, that the Sibert article was material to the patentability of various claims of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206), but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.
- 84. The '900 Patent is unenforceable due to the inequitable conduct of the '900 Patent applicants before the Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
- 85. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to whether the claims of the '900 Patent are enforceable.

COUNT XI - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF UNENFORCEABILITY

- 86. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 and 30-85 of its Counterclaims, as if fully restated herein.
- 87. The '891 Patent, the '912 Patent, the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '861 Patent, and the '900 Patent are referred to as the Count XI Patents.
- 88. In prosecuting, marketing, and enforcing the Count XI Patents, InterTrust has engaged in a pattern of obfuscation as to the scope of the patents, the prior art to the patents, and the alleged "inventions" of the patents. For example, InterTrust has accused non-infringing DOCSSV1:166213.1

 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD

AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

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products of infringement, has buried Patent Office Examiners with a collection of more than 400 references, many of which were not related to the particular claims in issue, and has buried the Examiners with hundreds or thousands of pages of redundant, verbose, unclear text, effectively prohibiting a real comparison of the alleged "invention" versus the prior art. This pattern of intentional conduct constitutes an abuse of the patent system, unclean hands, misuse and illegal extension of the patent right, rendering the Count XI patents unenforceable, as well as invalid under Section 112.

An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, 89. exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to whether the claims of the '891 Patent, the '912 Patent, the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '861 Patent, and the '900 Patent are enforceable.

COUNT XII - INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,049,671

- Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 2-3 of its Counterclaims, as if 90. fully restated herein.
- This Court has exclusive subject matter jurisdiction over Microsoft's cause 91. of action for patent infringement under Title 28, United States Code, Sections 1331 and 1338, and under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code.
- U.S. Patent No. 6,049,671 ("the '671 Patent") issued to Microsoft 92. Corporation as the assignee of Benjamin W. Slivka and Jeffrey S. Webber on April 11, 2000.
- A true copy of the '671 Patent is attached as Exhibit C to Microsoft's 93. counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint, and is incorporated herein by reference.
 - Microsoft owns all right, title and interest in the '671 Patent. 94.
 - InterTrust has had actual notice of the '671 Patent. 95.
- InterTrust has infringed one or more claims of the '671 Patent, in violation 96. of at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a, b, c).

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	1	97. InterTrust's infringement of the '671 Patent has caused and will continue to
	2	cause Microsoft damage, including irreparable harm for which it has no adequate remedy at law.
	3	COUNT XIII - INFRINGEMENT
	4	OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,256,668
	5	98. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 2-3 and 91 of its Counterclaims,
•	6	as if fully restated herein.
	7	99. U.S. Patent No. 6,256,668 B1 ("the '668 Patent") issued to Microsoft
	8	Corporation as the assignee of Benjamin W. Slivka and Jeffrey S. Webber on July 3, 2001.
	9	100. A true copy of the '668 Patent is attached as Exhibit D to Microsoft's
	10	counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint, and is incorporated
	11	herein by reference.
	12	101. Microsoft owns all right, title and interest in the '668 Patent.
	13	102. InterTrust has had actual notice of the '668 Patent.
	14	103. InterTrust has infringed one or more claims of the '668 Patent, in violation
	15	of at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a, b, c).
	16	104. InterTrust's infringement of the '668 Patent has caused and will continue to
	17	cause Microsoft damage, including irreparable harm for which it has no adequate remedy at law.
	18	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
	19	WHEREFORE, Microsoft prays for the following relief:
	20	A. The Court enter judgment against InterTrust, and dismiss with prejudice,
	21	any and all claims of the Third Amended Complaint;
	22	B. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
	23	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '683 Patent;
	24	C. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
	25	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '193 Patent;
	26	D. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
	27	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '504 Patent;
ORRICK	28	E. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed, DOCSSVI:166213.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED
HERRINGTO & SUTCLIFFE SILICON VALLE	LLP	-20- Answer and Counterclaims to intertrust's third amended complaint: Case No. C 01-1640 SBA

1	contributed to infring	gement of, or induced infringement of the '861 Patent;
2	F.	The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
3	contributed to infring	gement of, or induced infringement of the '900 Patent;
4	G.	The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
5	contributed to infring	gement of, or induced infringement of the '891 Patent;
6	H.	The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
7	contributed to infrin	gement of, or induced infringement of the '912 Patent;
8	I.	The Court enter judgment declaring that the '683 Patent is invalid;
9	J .	The Court enter judgment declaring that the '193 Patent is invalid;
10	K.	The Court enter judgment declaring that the '504 Patent is invalid;
11	· L.	The Court enter judgment declaring that the '861 Patent is invalid;
12	M.	The Court enter judgment declaring that the '900 Patent is invalid;
13	N.	The Court enter judgment declaring that the '891 Patent is invalid;
14	О.	The Court enter judgment declaring that the '912 Patent is invalid;
15	P.	The Court enter judgment declaring that the '861 Patent is unenforceable
16	due to inequitable co	onduct;
17	Q.	The Court enter judgment declaring that the '900 Patent is unenforceable
18	due to inequitable co	onduct;
19	R.	The Court enter judgment declaring that each of the '891 Patent, the '912
20	Patent, the '683 Pate	ent, the '193 Patent, the '861 Patent and the '900 Patent is unenforceable due
21	to an abuse of the pa	atent system, unclean hands, and misuse and illegal extension of the patent
22	right;	
23	S.	The Court enter judgment that InterTrust has infringed the '671 Patent;
24	T.	The Court enter judgment that InterTrust has infringed the '668 Patent;
25	U.	The Court enter a permanent injunction prohibiting InterTrust, its officers,
26	agents, servants, em	ployees, and all persons in active concert or participation with any of them
27	from infringing the	'671 and '668 Patents;
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1	V. The Court award damages and attorney fees against InterTrust pursuant to
2	the provisions of 35 U.S.C §§ 284 and 285.
3	W. The Court award to Microsoft pre-judgment interest and the costs of this
4	action.
5	X. The Court award to Microsoft its reasonable costs and attorneys' fees; and
6	Y. The Court grant to Microsoft such other and further relief as may be
7	deemed just and appropriate.
8	JURY DEMAND
9	Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b), Defendant Microsoft Corporation demands a
10	trial by jury.
11	DATED: November 15, 2001
12	and to the
13	By: WILLIAM L. ANTHONY
14	ERIC L: WESENBERG MARK R. WEINSTEIN
15	ORRICK HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE, LLP 1000 Marsh Road
16	Menlo Park, CA 94025 Telephone: 650-614-7400
17	STEVEN ALEXANDER KRISTIN L. CLEVELAND
18	JAMES E. GERINGER
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20	One World Trade Center, Suite 1600 121 S.W. Salmon Street
21	Portland, OR 97204 Telephone: (503) 226-7391
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23	Of Counsel:
24	T. Andrew Culbert, Esq.
25	MICROSOFT CORPORATION One Microsoft Way, Building 8 Referent WA 08052 6309
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27	

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DECLARATION OF SERVICE VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL AND U.S. MAIL 1 I am more than eighteen years old and not a party to this action. My place of 2 employment and business address is 1000 Marsh Road, Menlo Park, California 94025. 3 On November 15, 2001, I served: 4 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S "CORRECTED" AMENDED ANSWER AND 5 COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT 6 By transmitting a copy of the above-listed document(s) in PDF form via electronic mail Michael 7 H. Page at mhp@kvn.com, Christopher P. Isaac at chris.isaac@finnegan.com, Stephen E. 8 Taylor at staylor@tcolaw.com and James E. Geringer at james.geringer@klarquist.com and 9 also by placing true and correct copies of the above documents in an envelope addressed to: 10 11 Christopher P. Isaac, Esq. John W. Keker, Esq. FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, Michael H. Page, Esq. 12 GARRETT & DUNNER LLP KEKER & VAN NEST, LLP 1300 I. Street, N.W. 710 Sansome Street 13 Washington, DC 20005-3314 San Francisco, California 94111 Tel. No. 202-408-4000 14 Tel. No. 415-391-5400 Fax No. 202-408-4400 Fax No. 415-397-7188 15 Email: chris.isaac@finnegan.com Email: jwk@kvn.com Email: mhp@kvn.com 16 Attorneys for Plaintiff INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES Attorneys for Plaintiff 17 CORPORATION INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION 18 19 John D. Vandenberg, Esq. Stephen E. Taylor, Esq. James E. Geringer, Esq. 20 TAYLOR & CO. LAW OFFICES KLARQUIST, SPARKMAN, CAMPBELL, 1050 Marina Village Parkway, Suite 101 21 LEIGH & WHINSTON LLP Alameda, CA 94501 One World Trade Center Tel. No. 510-865-9401 22 121 S. W. Salmon Street, Suite 1600 Fax No. 510-865-9408 Portland, Oregon 97204 23 Email: staylor@tcolaw.com Tel. No: 503-226-7391 Attorneys for Plaintiff 24 Fax No: 503-228-9446 INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES Email: john.vandenberg@klarquist.com 25 CORPORATION Email: james.geringer@klarquist.com 26 Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimant, MICROSOFT 27 CORPORATION 28

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& SUTCLIFFE LLP
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

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1	and sealing the envelope, affixing adequate first-class postage and depositing it in the U.S. mail
2	at Menlo Park, California.
3	Executed on November 15, 2001 at Menlo Park, California.
4	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
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